

**Municipal Officers' Certification of Official Text of a Proposed Ordinance  
[30-A M.R.S. § 3002(2)]**

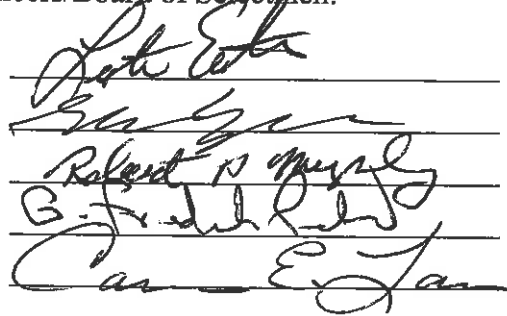
To Laurie L. Chadbourne, Town Clerk of the Town of Bridgton:

We hereby certify to you that the document to which we have affixed this certificate is a true copy of the official text of an ordinance entitled "**Town of Bridgton Retail Medical Marijuana Caregiver Storefronts Ordinance,**" which is to be presented to the voters for their consideration on November 6, 2018.

Pursuant to 30-A M.R.S. § 3002(2), you will retain this copy of the complete text of the ordinance as a public record and make other copies available for distribution to the voters, and you will ensure that copies are available at the polling place on the day of the vote.


Dated: August 28, 2018

Municipal Officers/Board of Selectmen:



- Liston E. Eastman, Chairman
- Glenn R. Zaidman, Vice-Chairman
- Robert P. Murphy
- G. Frederick Packard
- Carmen E. Lone

Attest: A true copy of an ordinance entitled "**Town of Bridgton Retail Medical Marijuana Caregiver Storefronts Ordinance,**" as certified to me by the Municipal Officers of Bridgton on the 28<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2018.

  
Laurie L. Chadbourne, Town Clerk of Bridgton

Proposed “Town of Bridgton Retail Medical Marijuana Caregiver Storefronts Ordinance”: to be presented at Town Meeting Referendum on November 6, 2018.

# “Town of Bridgton Retail Medical Marijuana Caregiver Storefronts Ordinance”

MORATORIUM ORDINANCE  
REGARDING RETAIL MEDICAL MARIJUANA CAREGIVER STOREFRONTS

TOWN OF BRIDGTON, MAINE

The TOWN OF BRIDGTON, Maine, hereby adopts a Moratorium Ordinance as follows:

WHEREAS, the legislative body of the Town of Bridgton, Maine (the "Town") makes the following findings:

- (1) The Maine Medical Use of Marijuana Act, codified at 22 M.R.S. §§ 2421 to 2430-B, (the "Act") authorizes the possession, cultivation, and furnishing of medical marijuana to qualifying patients by caregivers, as those terms are defined in 22 M.R.S. § 2422; and
- (2) Neither the Act nor any state agency rules promulgated thereunder expressly authorizes the operation of retail stores by registered caregivers for the purpose of selling medical marijuana to qualifying patients; and
- (3) During the first regular session, the 128th Maine Legislature considered LD 1539, "An Act to Amend Maine's Medical Marijuana Law," which, if enacted, would amend the Act to expressly authorize the operation of such retail stores, and LD 238, "An Act to Amend the Maine Medical Use of Marijuana Act," which, if enacted, would expressly authorize municipalities to regulate registered caregiver operations; however, the ultimate disposition of LD 1539 is unknown at this time; and
- (4) No specific regulations governing such retail stores exist under the Town's Ordinances; and
- (5) The Town's Ordinances are insufficient to prevent serious public harm that could result from the unregulated siting and operation of such retail stores within the Town; and
- (6) The unregulated siting and operation of such retail stores within the Town raises legitimate and substantial questions about the impact of such retail stores and related uses and activities on the Town, including questions as to compatibility of such retail stores with existing and permitted land uses in the Town; potential adverse health and safety effects on the community; the adequacy of the Town's infrastructure to accommodate such retail stores; and the

possibility of unlawful sale of medical marijuana and medical marijuana products; and

- (7) As a result of the foregoing issues, the siting and operation of such retail stores and related uses and activities within the Town has potentially serious implications for the health, safety, and welfare of the Town and its residents and visitors; and
- (8) An overburdening of public facilities and resources, including public safety resources, is a reasonably foreseeable result of such retail stores and related uses and activities located and operated in the Town; and
- (9) The Town needs time to understand the disposition of LD 1539, LD 238, and any State department rules promulgated pursuant to the Act in relation to its own Ordinances and to evaluate the effects of such retail stores and related uses and activities in order to prepare reasonable ordinance provisions governing the siting and operation of such uses; and
- (10) The Town, with professional assistance from the Planning Board, Code Enforcement Officer, and other departments, intends to study the Town's Ordinances to determine the land use and other regulatory implications of such retail stores and related uses and activities, and to consider what locations, approvals, and performance standards, if any, might be appropriate; and
- (11) It is anticipated that such a study, review, and development of recommended ordinance amendments will take at least 180 days from the date the Town enacts this Moratorium Ordinance; and
- (12) In the judgment of the legislative body of the Town, the foregoing findings constitute a necessity within the meaning of 30-A M.R.S. § 4356.

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to 30-A M.R.S. § 4356, be it ordained by the voters of the Town of Bridgton as follows:

1. Moratorium. The Town does hereby declare a moratorium on the siting, operation, or licensing of any Medical Marijuana Storefronts within the Town.

For purposes of this Ordinance, "Medical Marijuana Storefront" is defined as a retail store, a retail business,

or an establishment that resembles a retail storefront in terms of signage, hours of operation, and accessibility to patrons (including without limitation retail buildings, structures, and uses, as those terms are defined in Article XVII, Section 2 of the Town's Site Plan Review Ordinance) that furnishes or sells marijuana or marijuana products by licensed caregivers to qualifying patients, as those terms are defined in 22 M.R.S. § 2422.

No person or organization shall locate or operate a Medical Marijuana Storefront within the Town on or after the effective date of this Ordinance. During the time this Ordinance is in effect, no officer, official, employee, office, administrative board or agency of the Town shall accept, process, approve, deny, or in any other way act upon any application for a license, building permit, conditional use permit, any other type of land use approval or permit, or any other permit or license related to a Medical Marijuana Storefront.

2. Date of Applicability. Notwithstanding 1 M.R.S. § 302 or any other law to the contrary, and regardless of the Effective Date, this Ordinance shall govern and apply to all proceedings and applications for a Medical Marijuana Storefront that were or are pending before the Code Enforcement Officer or the Planning Board on or any time after June 11, 2018 and, to the extent allowed by 30-A M.R.S. § 3007(6), shall nullify the issuance of any final approval of the Code Enforcement Officer or the Planning Board made on or at any time after June 11, 2018 that authorizes the operation of a Medical Marijuana Storefront (the "Date of Applicability").
3. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall become effective immediately upon its adoption (the "Effective Date") and shall remain in full force and effect for a period of 180 days from the Date of Applicability, unless extended, repealed, or modified in accordance with applicable law.
4. Conflicts; Savings Clause. Any provisions of the Town's ordinances that are inconsistent with or conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent applicable for the duration of this moratorium. If any section or provision of this Ordinance is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such a declaration shall not invalidate any other section or provision.
5. Violations. If any Medical Marijuana Storefront is located or operated in the Town, in violation of this Ordinance, each

day of any continuing violation shall constitute a separate violation of this Ordinance and the Town shall be entitled to all rights available to it pursuant to 30-A M.R.S. § 4452, including, but not limited to, fines and penalties, injunctive relief, and its reasonable attorney's fees and costs in prosecuting any such violations.